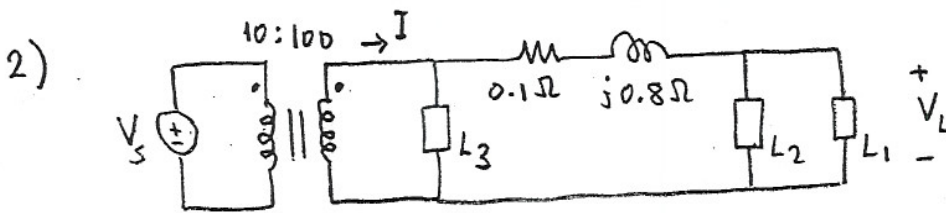


L_1 : 4W, resistive
 L_2 : 5 VA, $pf_2 = 0.6$ leading
 $S_S = 9 + j7$ VA

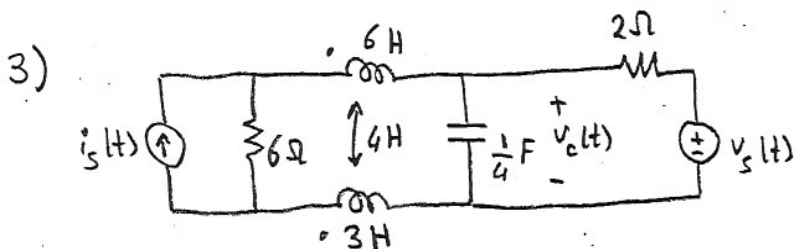
Find I_{eff} , X , V_{Leff} , V_{seff} .



L_1 : $0.5 + j0.5$ kVA; L_2 : 2 kVA, $pf_2 = 0.8$ leading; L_3 : 3 kVA, $pf_3 = 0.8$ lagging

$V_{Leff} = 140$ V

Find V_{seff} , I_{eff} and S_S .



$i_s(t) = 10 \cos(2t + 30^\circ)$ A
 $v_s(t) = V_m \cos(4t + 45^\circ)$ V
 The circuit is in the steady state.

(a) $V_m = 0$. Find

(i) $v_c(t)$,

(ii) The average powers delivered to the resistors and the average stored energies in the dynamic elements,

(iii) The complex power supplied by the current source.

(b) $V_m \neq 0$. The average power delivered to the 6 ohm resistor is 18 W.

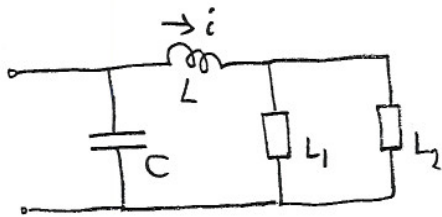
Find

(i) The average power delivered to the 2 ohm resistor and the average stored energies in the dynamic elements,

(ii) The complex power supplied by the voltage source,

(iii) V_m , $v_c(t)$ and V_{ceff} .

4)



The circuit is in the SSS at $f = 50$ Hz.

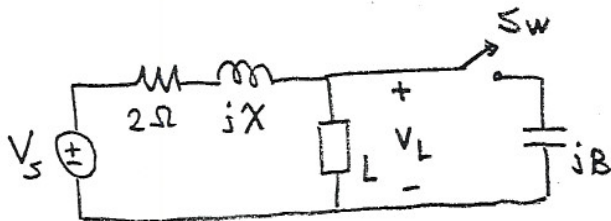
L_1 : $\sqrt{29}$ KVA, 5 KW, capacitive

L_2 : 3 KVAR, $Pf_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ lagging

$$L = \frac{2}{25\pi} \text{ H}, i_{\text{eff}} = 10\sqrt{5} \text{ A}$$

Determine C so that the power factor of the one-port is $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$ lagging.

5)



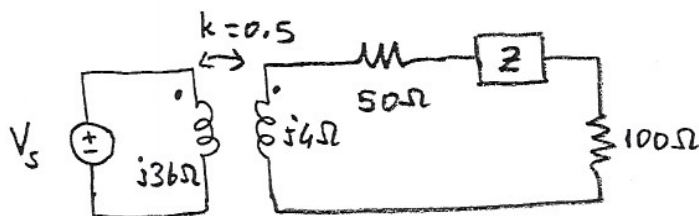
L : 5 VA, inductive, $V_{L\text{eff}} = 10$ V

$$P_s = 4.5 \text{ W}$$

(a) Sw is open: $V_{s\text{eff}} = 15$ V. Find X , Pf_L and S_s .

(b) Sw is closed: Determine B so that the power factor of load and capacitor combination is 0.96 lagging. Find $V_{s\text{eff}}$ and S_s .

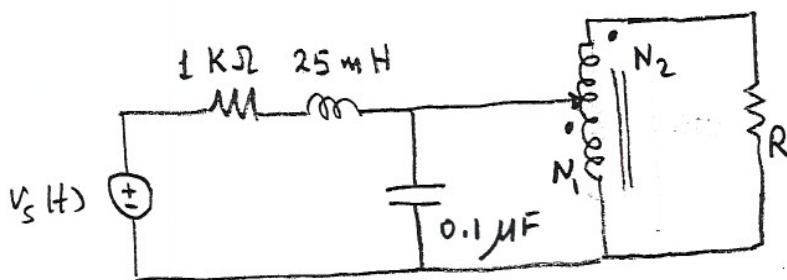
6)



$$V_s = 60 \angle 17^\circ \text{ V}$$

Determine Z so that the average power delivered to the 100 ohm resistor is maximum. Also compute this power.

7)



$$v_s(t) = 10 \cos(4 \times 10^4 t) \text{ V}$$

The circuit is in the SSS.

$$N_2 = 4000$$

$$R = 800\sqrt{2} \text{ ohms}$$

Determine N_1 so that the average power delivered to R is maximum. Also compute this maximum average power.